

"Cosmetic surgery in South America has always been very popular and has traditionally been at the forefront of innovations in terms of evolving surgical techniques and procedures. This may be due to the creativity of the surgeons, coupled with relatively mild restrictions from medical regulatory bodies," says Guillermo Blugerman M.D., co-director with Diego Schavelzon, M.D., of Centros B&S de Excelencia en Cirugía Plástica, Buenos Aires, Argentina. Dr. Blugerman is also president of the Argentine Association of Cosmetic Medicine and Surgery and the only honorary member of the American Academy of Cosmetic Surgery

(AACS) from South America.



Dr. Blugerman

More than a decade ago, Dr. Blugerman was part of the team that helped to develop laser-assisted liposuction with the Smartlipo (Cynosure)

device, which received approval from the Food and Drug Administration in 2006. He has also been working with the BodyTite (Invasix) device, a radiofrequency-assisted liposuction technique that is pending FDA approval, for the past three years. He has 20 years' experience with numerous semi-permanent fillers composed of polymethyl methacrylate (PMMA), one of which received FDA approval several years ago (Artefill, Suneva Medical).

## FREEDOM TO EXPLORE

South American surgeons have the advantage of exploring new frontiers and testing fledgling techniques, Dr. Blugerman says, because of more lenient regulations imposed upon the physicians and the available cosmetic products, working inside of the ethical limits of the profession. According to Dr. Blugerman, many unethical procedures, such as liquid silicone injections in the gluteal or breast, are performed by criminal "colleagues" who pose a danger to the health of patients.

"I believe that

the excess of regulations in the United States limits the use of newer techniques and evolving medical devices. As a case in point, we never stopped using silicone breast implants in our patients during the FDA moratorium in the 1990s. These have recently become very popular again in breast implant surgery in the United States. Moreover, I believe that the malpractice industry in the United States clearly limits the doctors' spirit to be innovative," he says.

Of the more invasive cosmetic surgery procedures, the most popular ones in South America are very similar to those performed in the United States. They include the varying techniques of liposuction, breast augmentation, rhinoplasty, facelift, abdominoplasty, blepharoplasty and hair restoration.

According to Dr. Blugerman, cosmetic surgery is very popular throughout South America, particularly in Brazil and Argentina, followed by Colombia and Venezuela. This may be directly related to the size and economic status of those countries as compared to other South American countries, he says.

"The choices of procedures performed are related to the phenotypic characteristics of the population in a particular country," Dr. Blugerman says. "Buttock implants are very popular in Paraguay because Paraguayan women typically have a flatter gluteal region, and therefore, will often request volume enhancement procedures here. Calf augmentation and buccal fat pad extraction are popular procedures in Chile, Bolivia and Peru because of the racial characteristics of these populations."

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## COUNTRY-TO-COUNTRY PROTOCOLS

Depending on the country, Dr. Blugerman says, surgeons will follow different protocols, either those suggested by the governing medical authority in their country or those chosen by the individual physician. In Argentina, there are no specific protocols that the surgeon must follow; therefore, each

surgeon is allowed to choose his or her own protocol for their patients.

In Brazil, the Ministry
of Health suggests
specific guidelines
that Brazilian surgeons
should follow. While
general anesthesia is
popular in many South
American countries
when performing
facial procedures, local
anesthesia is more popular

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in Argentina, underscoring the differences in preferred protocols from country to country, Dr. Blugerman says.

"The philosophy of the cosmetic surgery practice in South America is also a bit different from that in the United States. In most South American countries, cosmetic surgery patients can have procedures performed at public government hospitals for free or at a very low cost, a practice mostly unheard of in other countries around the world," he says.

Though plastic surgeons have the lion's share of cosmetic surgery patients, Dr. Blugerman says physicians from other specialties are slowly getting involved in the cosmetic market.

"For the most part, all the doctors in Argentina are allowed to perform any type of cosmetic procedure, as there are no specific regulatory limitations imposed on physicians," he says. "Clearly, the problem is when complications occur. Therefore, patients must be wary when choosing their physician for their cosmetic procedure." •

## isclosures:

Dr. Blugerman reports no relevant financial interests.